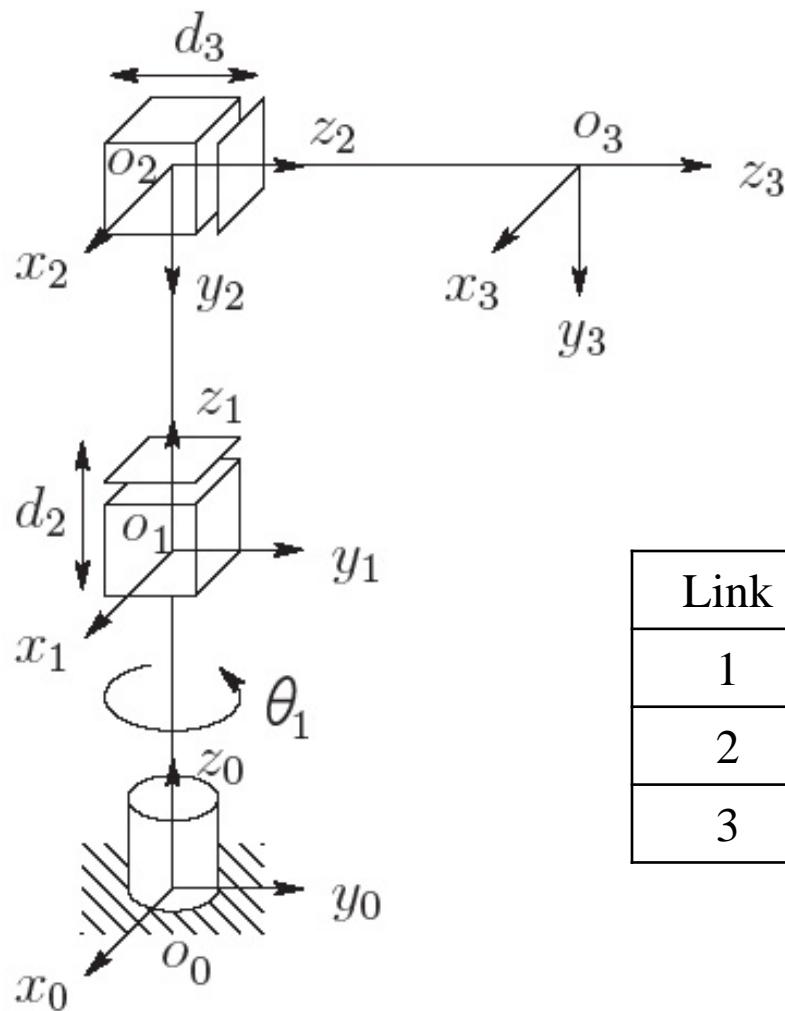


# Day 09

More Denavit-Hartenberg Examples

## Step 5: Find the DH parameters



Link	$a_i$	$\alpha_i$	$d_i$	$\theta_i$
1	0	0	$d_1$	$\theta_1^*$
2	0	-90	$d_2^*$	0
3	0	0	$d_3^*$	0

\* joint variable

Figure 3.7: Three-link cylindrical manipulator.

# Step 6: Compute the transformation

- once the DH parameters are known, it is easy to construct the overall transformation

Link	$a_i$	$\alpha_i$	$d_i$	$\theta_i$
1	0	0	$d_1$	$\theta_1^*$
2	0	-90	$d_2^*$	0
3	0	0	$d_3^*$	0

\* joint variable

$$T_1^0 = R_{z,\theta_1} T_{z,d_1} T_{x,a_1} R_{x,\alpha_1} = \begin{bmatrix} c_1 & -s_1 & 0 & 0 \\ s_1 & c_1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & d_1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

# Step 6: Compute the transformation

Link	$a_i$	$\alpha_i$	$d_i$	$\theta_i$
1	0	0	$d_1$	$\theta_1^*$
2	0	-90	$d_2^*$	0
3	0	0	$d_3^*$	0

\* joint variable

$$T_2^1 = R_{z,\theta_2} T_{z,d_2} T_{x,a_2} R_{x,\alpha_2} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 & 0 & d_2 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

# Step 6: Compute the transformation

Link	$a_i$	$\alpha_i$	$d_i$	$\theta_i$
1	0	0	$d_1$	$\theta_1^*$
2	0	-90	$d_2^*$	0
3	0	0	$d_3^*$	0

\* joint variable

$$T_3^2 = R_{z,\theta_3} T_{z,d_3} T_{x,a_3} R_{x,\alpha_3} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & d_3 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

## Step 6: Compute the transformation

$$T_3^0 = T_1^0 T_2^1 T_3^2 = \begin{bmatrix} c_1 & 0 & -s_1 & -s_1 d_3 \\ s_1 & 0 & c_1 & c_1 d_3 \\ 0 & -1 & 0 & d_1 + d_2 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

# Spherical Wrist

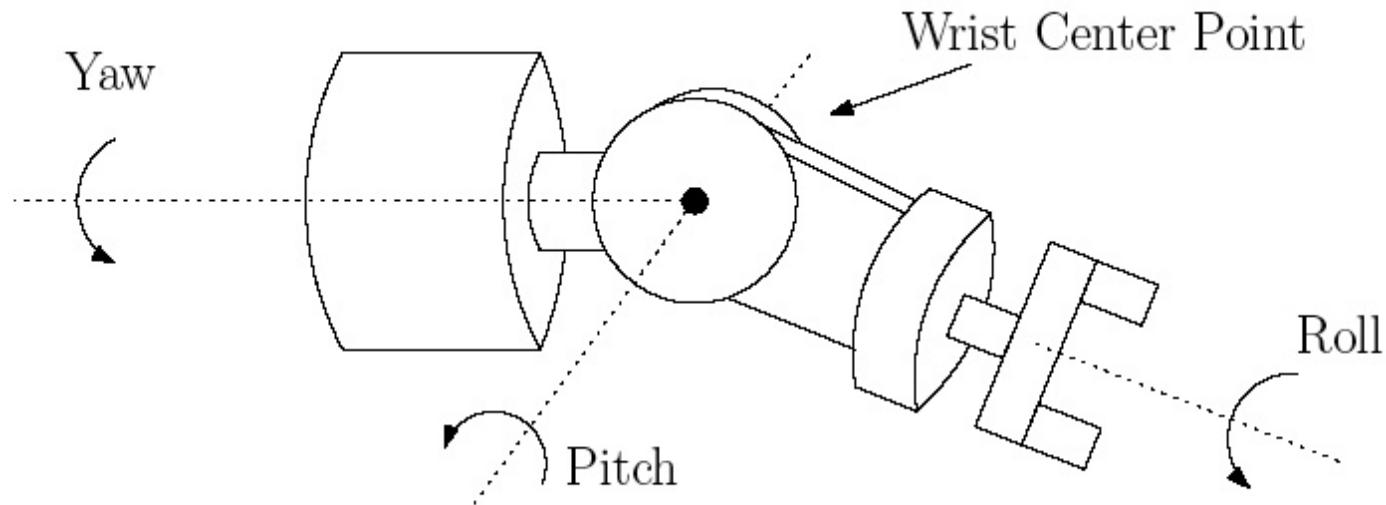
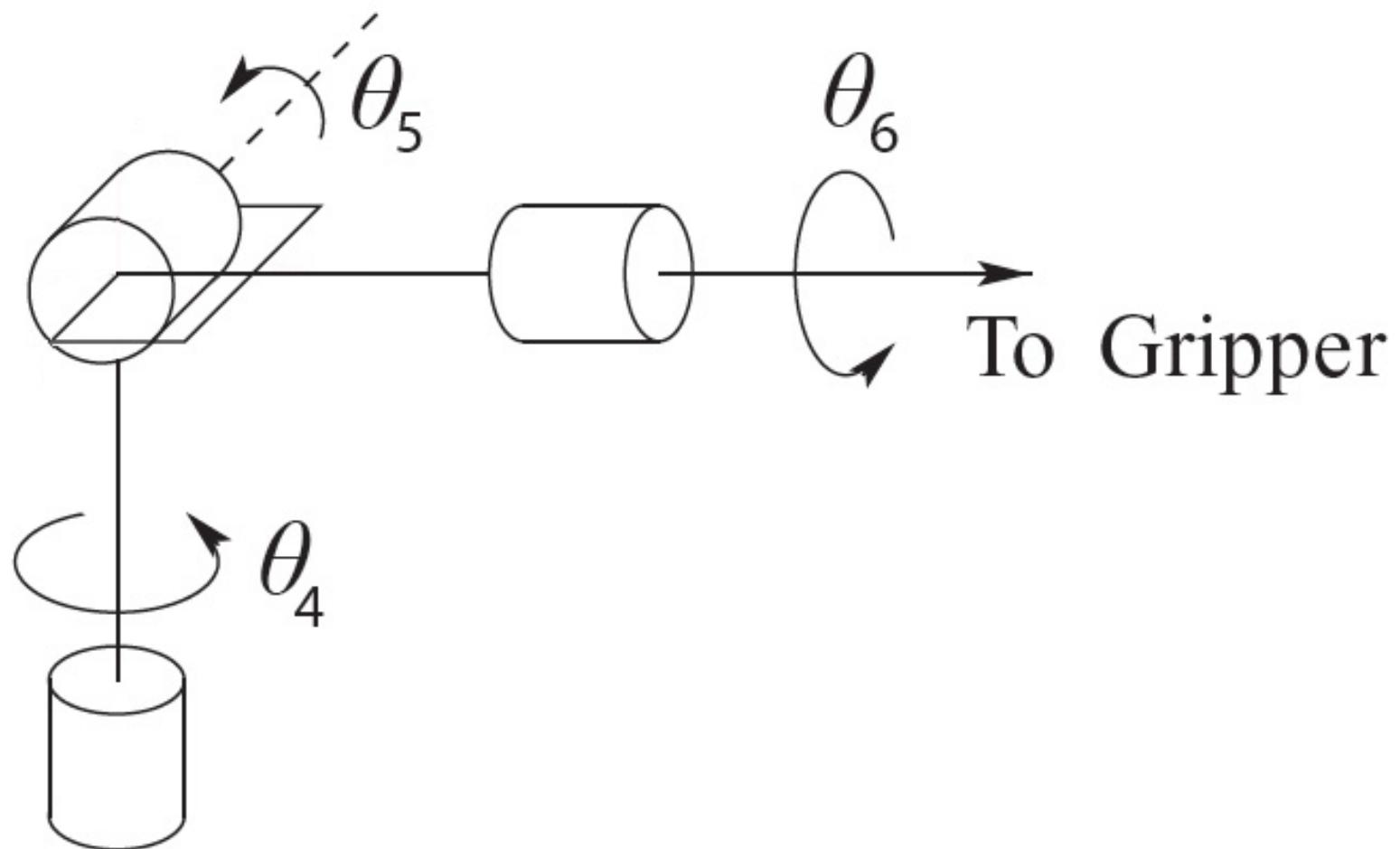
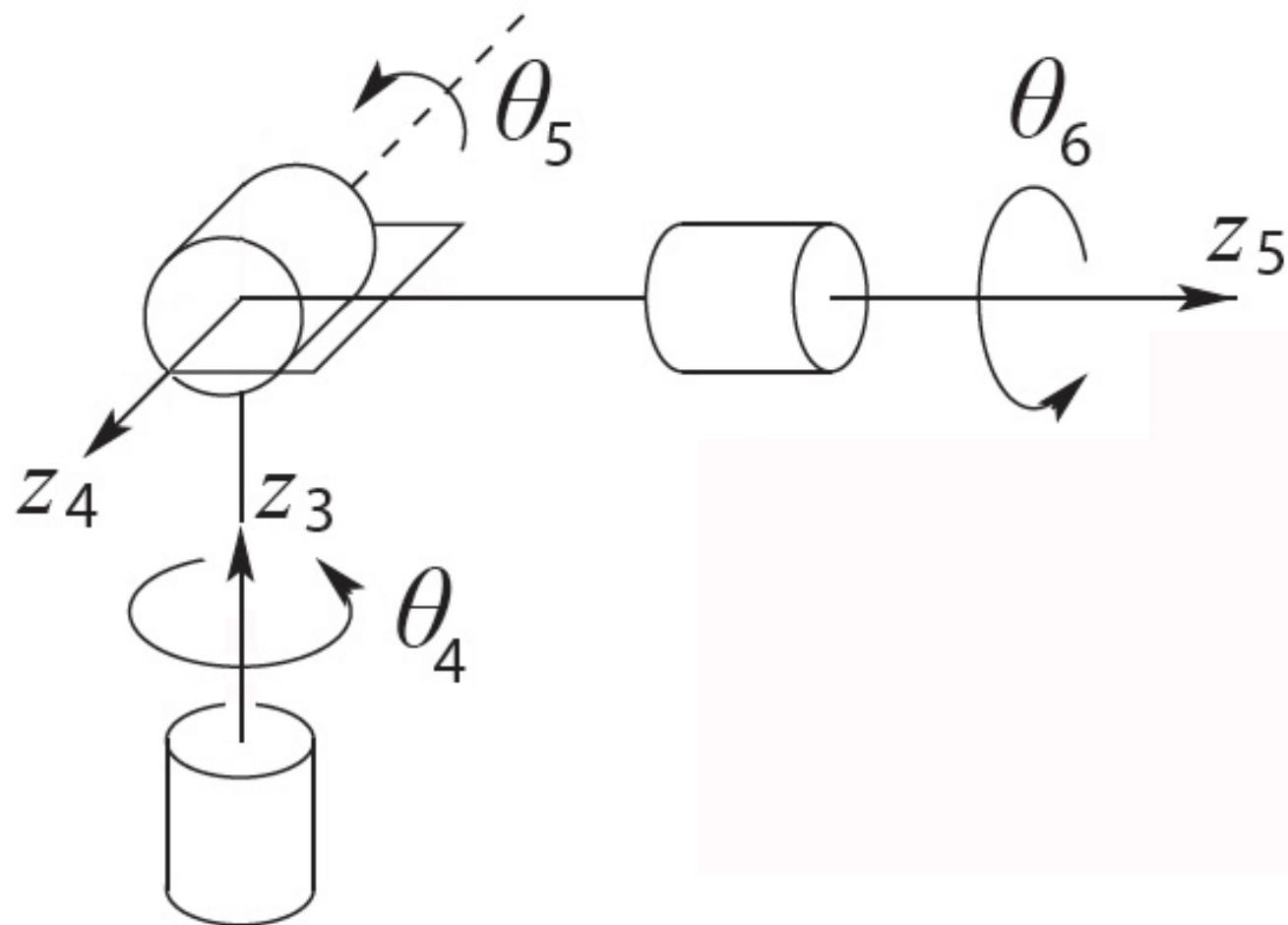


Figure 1.6: The spherical wrist. The axes of rotation of the spherical wrist are typically denoted roll, pitch, and yaw and intersect at a point called the wrist center point.

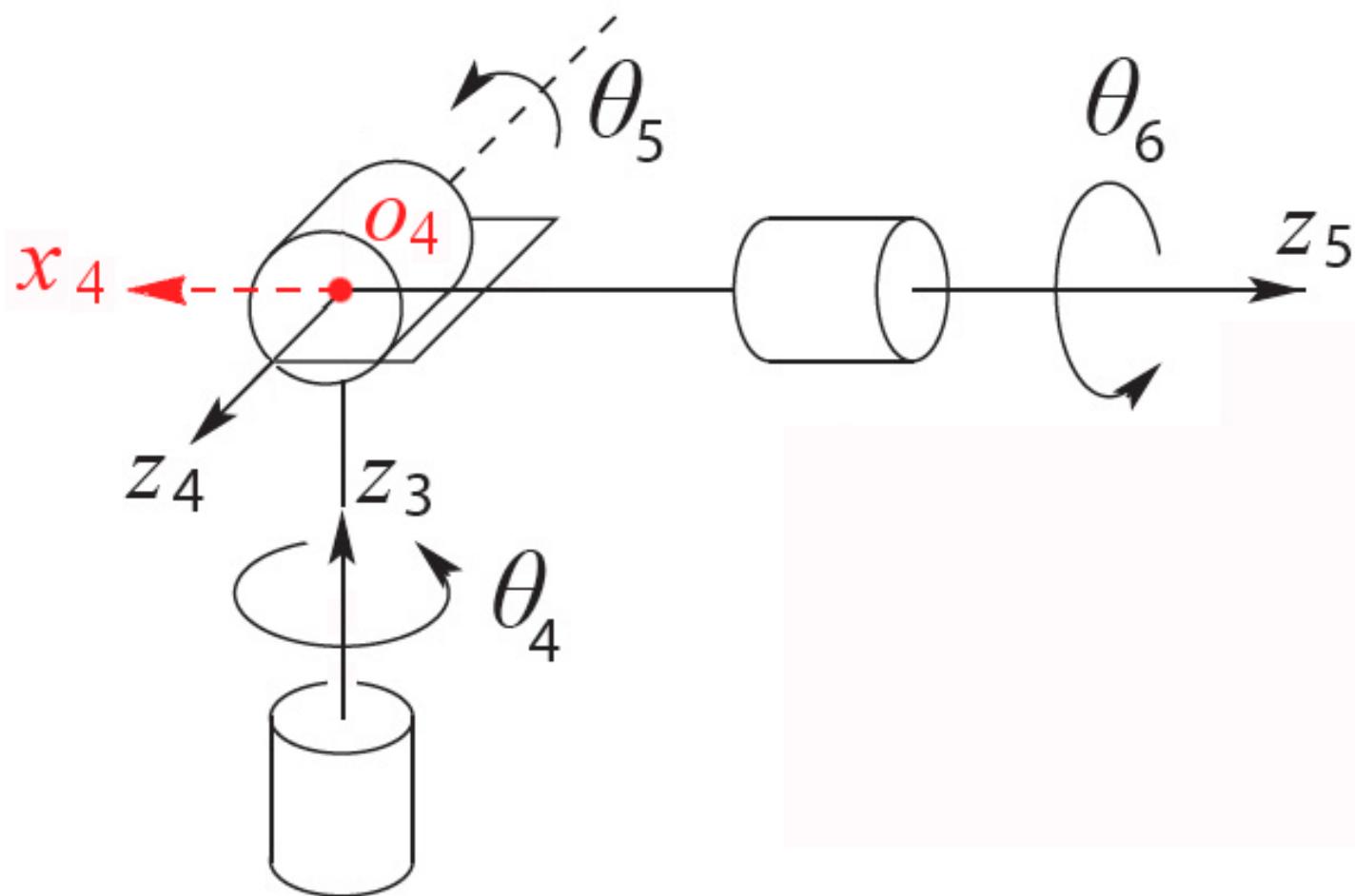
# Spherical Wrist



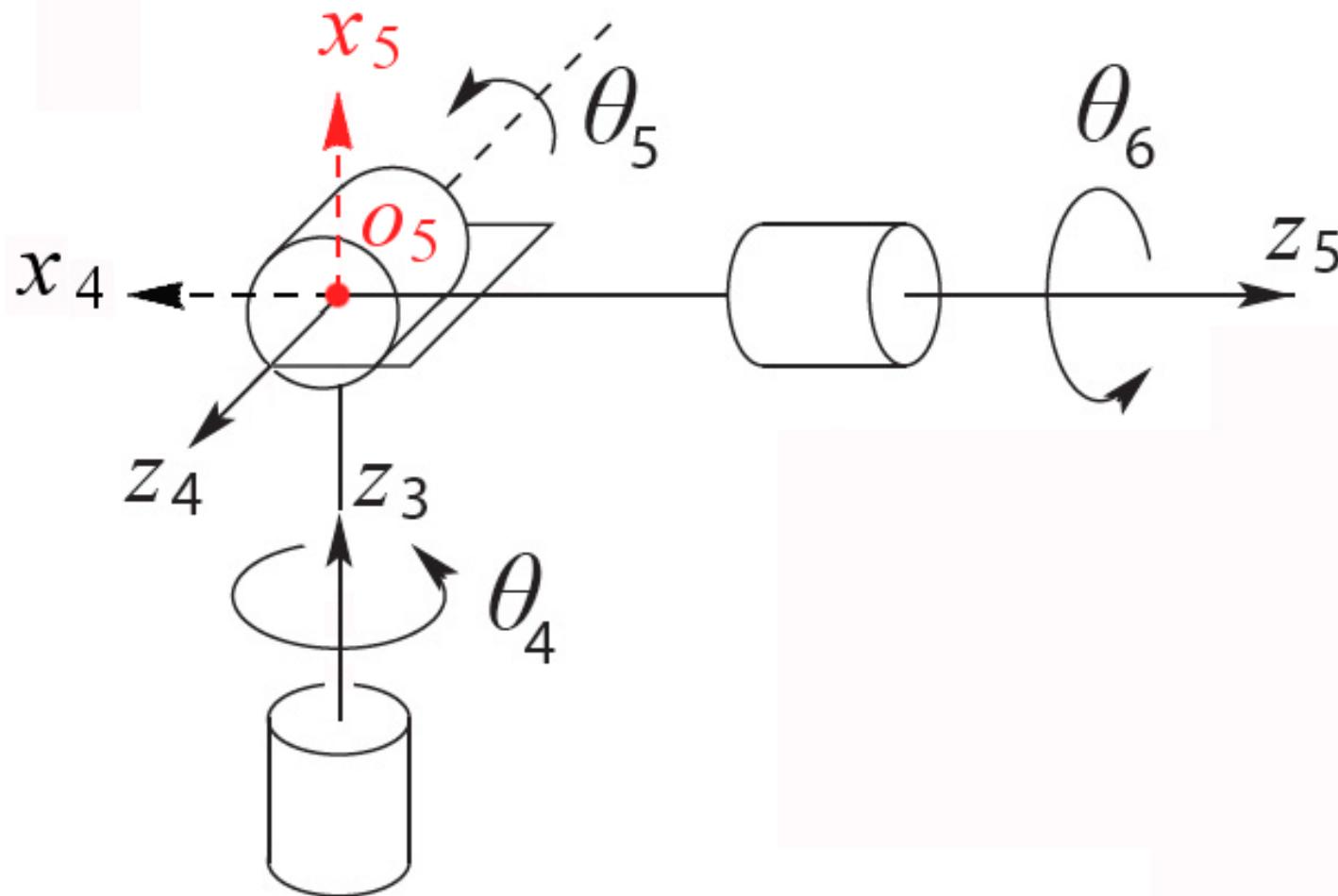
# Spherical Wrist: Step 1



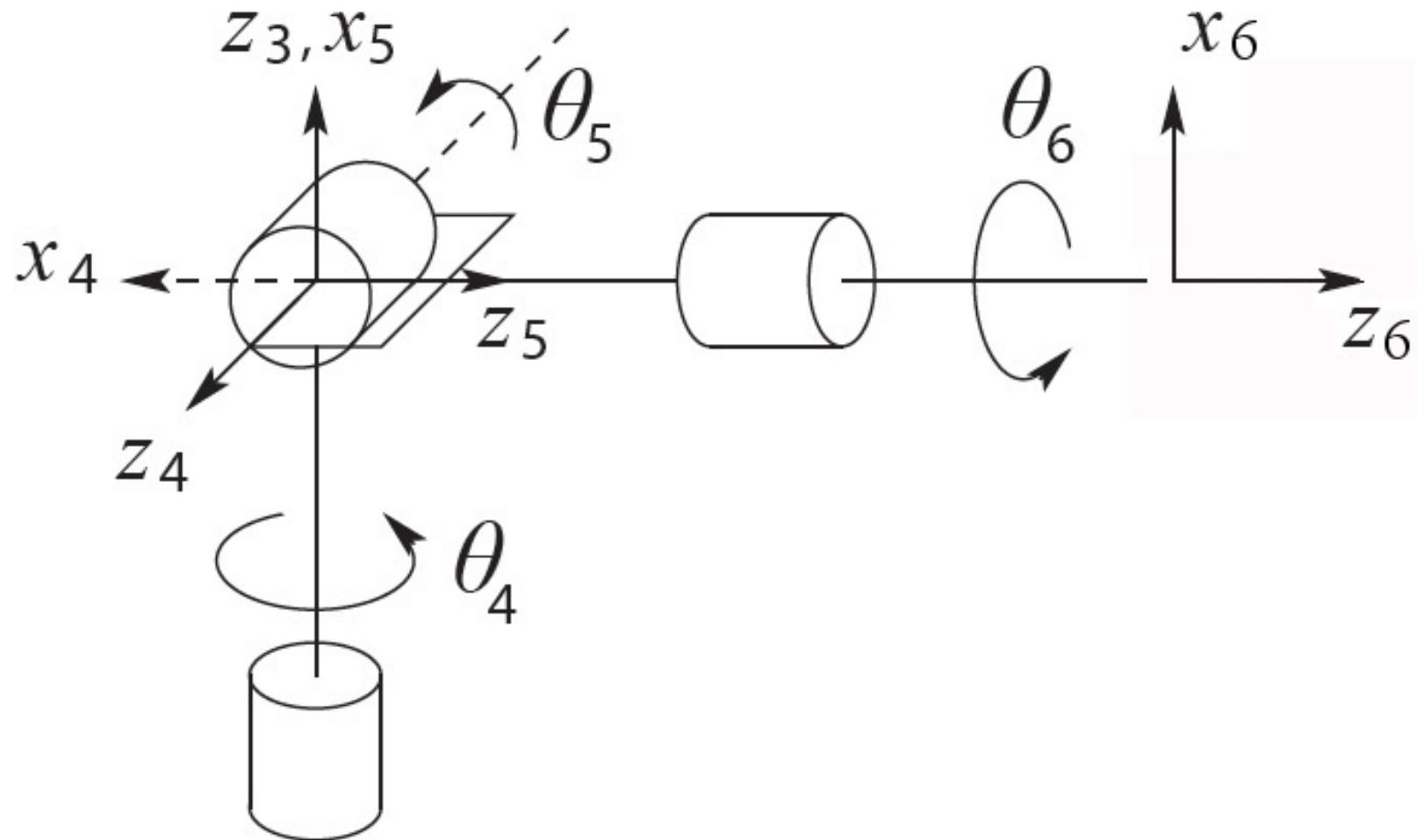
## Spherical Wrist: Step 2



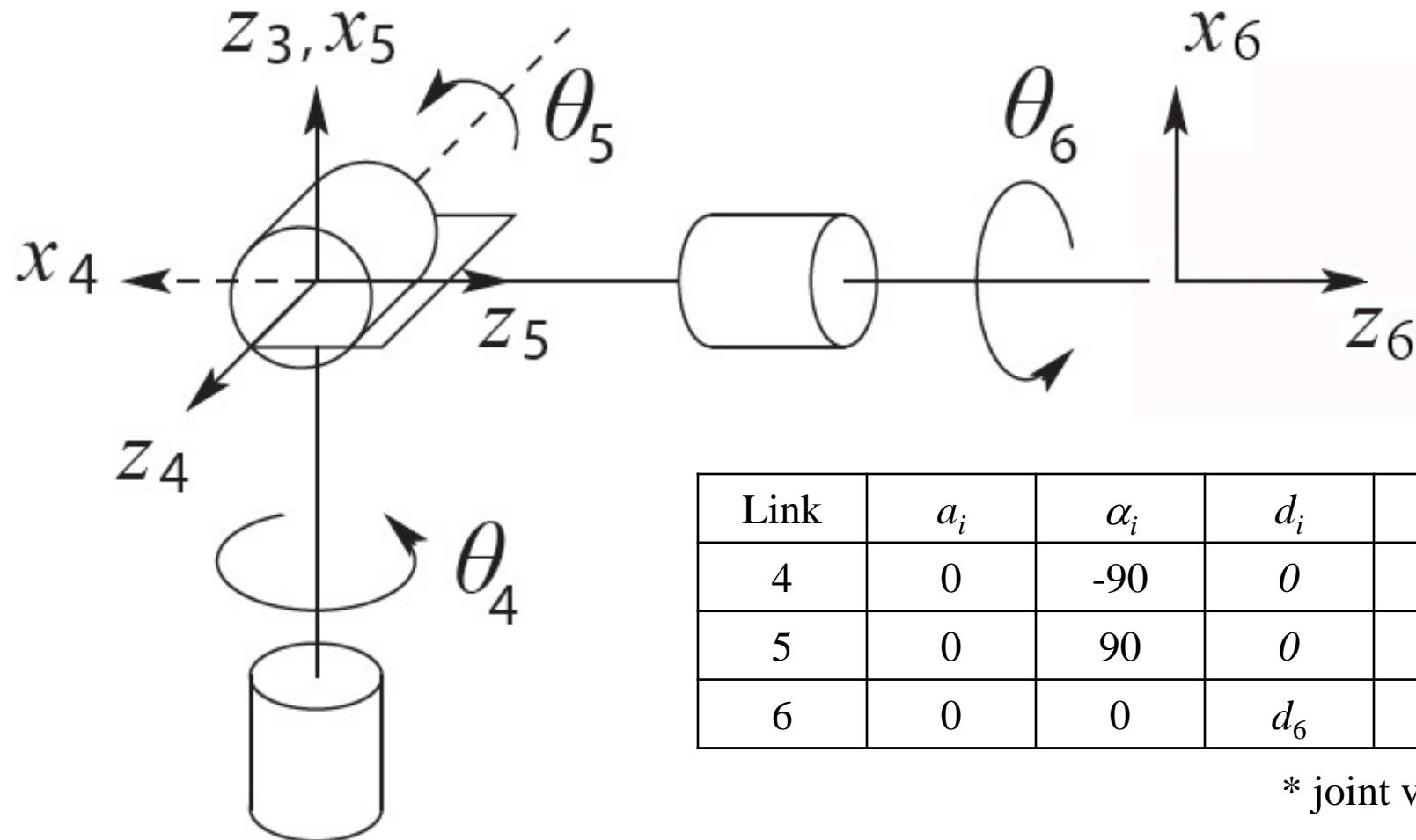
## Spherical Wrist: Step 2



# Spherical Wrist: Step 4



## Step 5: DH Parameters



## Step 6: Compute the transformation

$$T_6^3 = T_4^3 T_5^4 T_6^5 = \begin{bmatrix} c_4 c_5 c_6 - s_4 s_6 & -c_4 c_5 s_6 - s_4 c_6 & c_4 s_5 & c_4 s_5 d_6 \\ s_4 c_5 c_6 + c_4 s_6 & -s_4 c_5 s_6 + c_4 c_6 & s_4 s_5 & s_4 s_5 d_6 \\ -s_5 c_6 & s_5 s_6 & c_5 & c_5 d_6 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

# RPP + Spherical Wrist

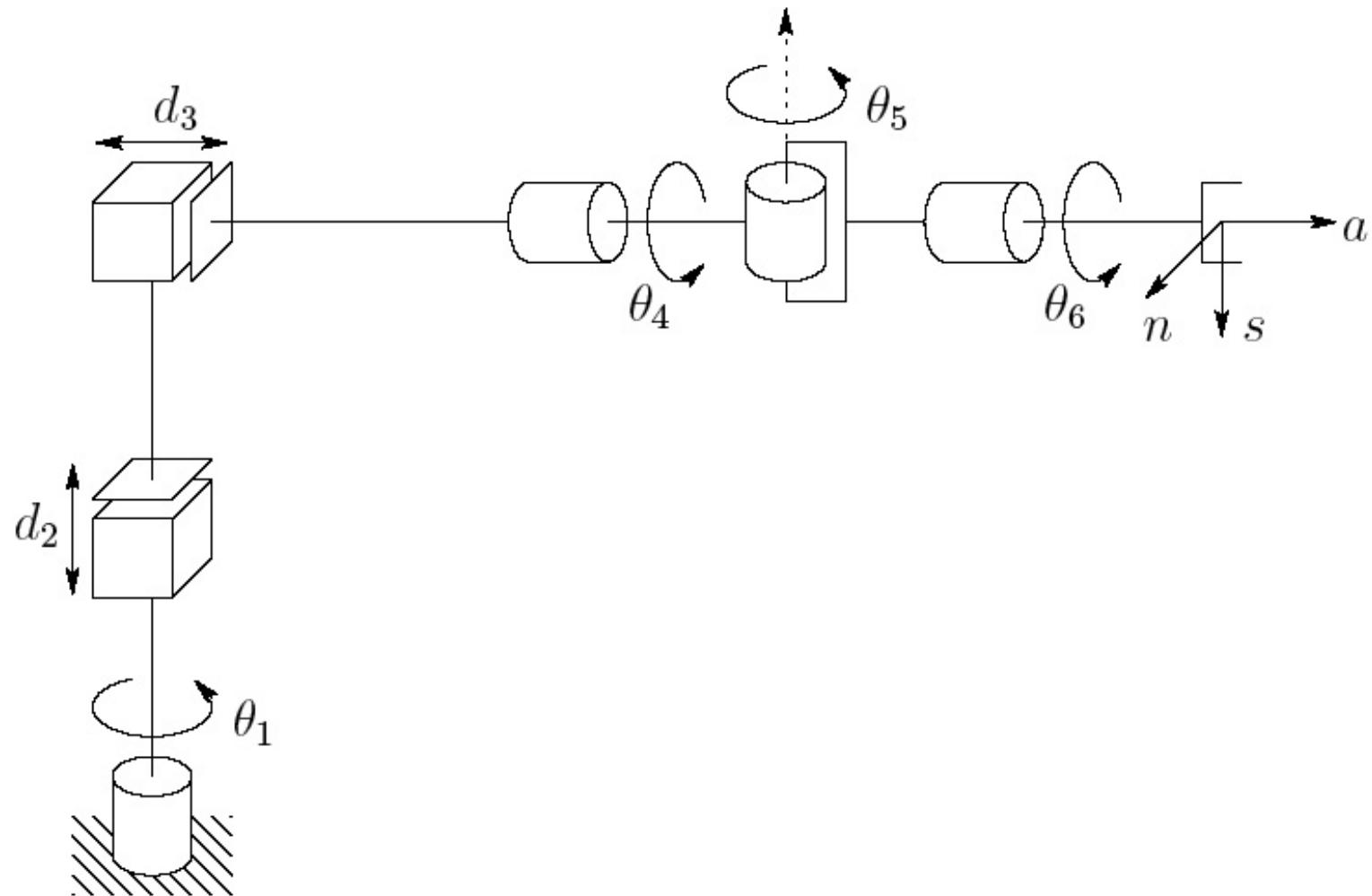


Figure 3.9: Cylindrical robot with spherical wrist.

# RPP + Spherical Wrist

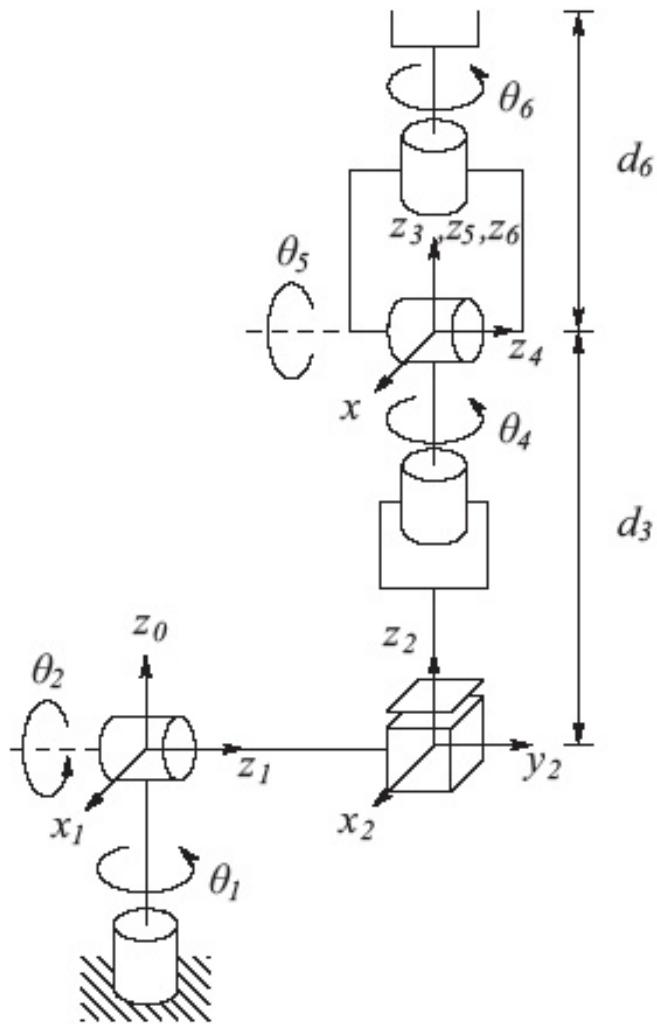
$$T_6^0 = T_3^0 T_6^3 = \begin{bmatrix} r_{11} & r_{12} & r_{13} & d_x \\ r_{21} & r_{22} & r_{23} & d_y \\ r_{31} & r_{32} & r_{33} & d_z \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$r_{11} = c_1 c_4 c_5 c_6 - c_1 s_4 s_6 + s_1 s_5 c_6$$

⋮

$$d_z = -s_4 s_5 d_6 + d_1 + d_2$$

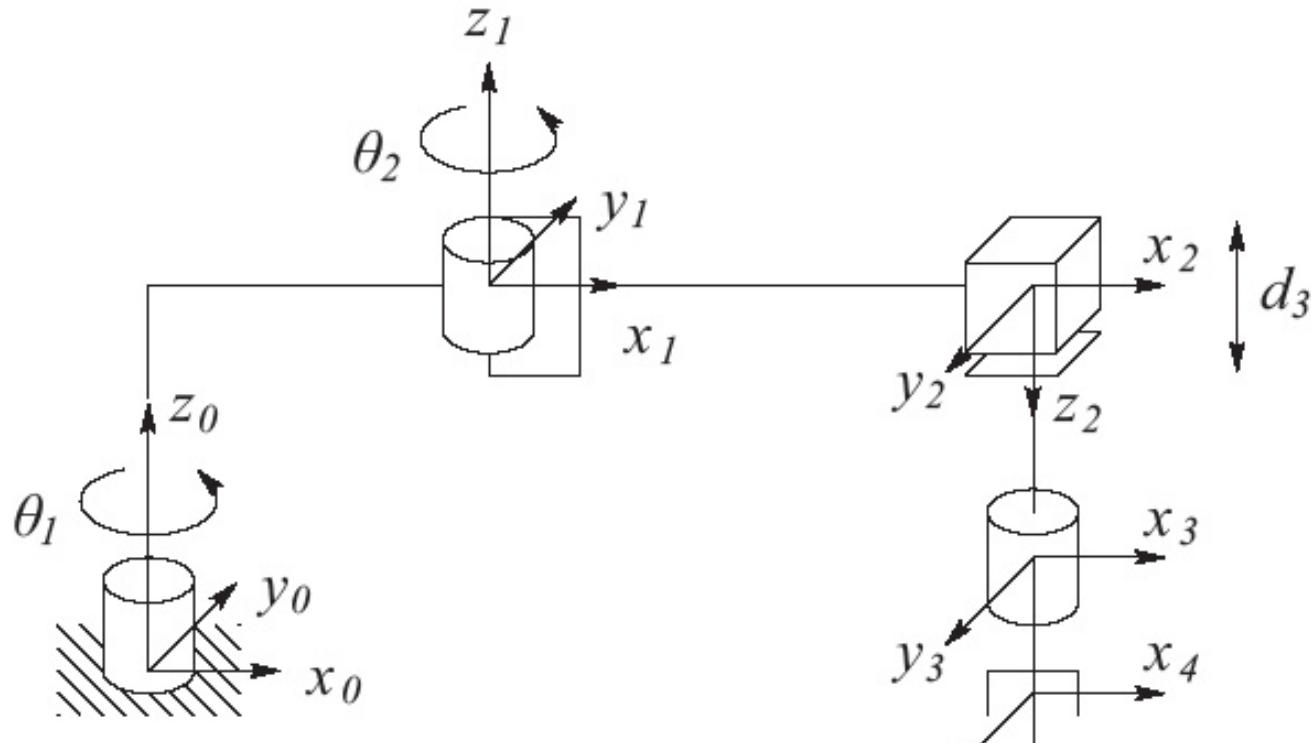
# Stanford Manipulator + Spherical Wrist



Link	$a_i$	$\alpha_i$	$d_i$	$\theta_i$
1	0	-90	0	$\theta_1^*$
2	0	90	$d_2$	$\theta_2^*$
3	0	0	$d_3^*$	0
4	0	-90	0	$\theta_4^*$
5	0	90	0	$\theta_5^*$
6	0	0	$d_6$	$\theta_6^*$

\* joint variable

# SCARA + 1DOF Wrist



Link	$a_i$	$\alpha_i$	$d_i$	$\theta_i$
1	$a_1$	0	$d_1$	$\theta_1^*$
2	$a_2$	180	0	$\theta_2^*$
3	0	0	$d_3^*$	0
4	0	0	$d_4$	$\theta_4^*$

\* joint variable